Olerup SSP® KIR Genotyping

Product number:	**104.101-12 – including *Taq* polymerase** **104.101-12u – without *Taq* polymerase**
Lot number:	**98V**
Expiry date:	**2016-December-01**
Number of tests:	**12**
Number of wells per test:	**23 + 1**
Storage - pre-aliquoted primers:	**dark at -20ºC**
- PCR Master Mix:	**-20ºC**
- Adhesive PCR seals	**RT**
- Product Insert	**RT**

This Product Description is only valid for Lot No. 98V.

Complete product documentation consists of generic Instructions for Use (IFU), lot specific Product Insert, Worksheet and Certificate.

CHANGES COMPARED TO THE PREVIOUS *OLERUP* SSP® KIR GENOTYPING LOT (81S)

The format of the Product Insert and Worksheet have been changed.

The KIR Genotyping specificity and interpretation tables have been updated for the KIR alleles described since the previous *Olerup* SSP® KIR Genotyping lot was made **(Lot No. 81S)**.

As of lot series V, the Specificity Table is included in the lot-specific Product Insert, and the Interpretation Table is included in the Worksheet.

The primers of the wells detailed below have been exchanged, added or modified compared to the previous lot.

Well	5'-primer	3'-primer	rationale
2	Added	Added	Primer pair added for separation of the 2DL2*004 allele.
7	-	-	Strength of control band has been optimized.
22	Added	Added	Primer pair added for the 3DP1 Full subgroup.

Changes in revision R01 compared to R00:

1. Primer mix 3 may have tendencies of unspecific amplifications. A footnote has been added in the Specificity Table.

Changes in revision R02 compared to R01:

1. The 2DL2*004 and the 2DL2*0010101-010 alleles may be distinguished by the different sizes of the specific PCR product in primer mix 2, and not by the sizes in primer mix 3. This footnote has been corrected in the Specificity Table.

Changes in revision R03 compared to R02:

1. Primer mix 3 does not amplify the 2DL3*00102 allele. Thus, this lot of the KIR Genotyping kit will not amplify the 2DL3*00102 allele. This has been corrected in the Specificity and Interpretation Tables.

Changes in revision R04 compared to R03:

1. Primer mix 1 contains the 800 base pair positive control primer pair. This has been corrected in the Specificity and Primer Specification Tables.

Change in revision R05 compared to R04:

1. The footnotes in the Primer Specification have been corrected, reflecting that the primer positions refer to codon numbering.

Change in revision R06 compared to R05:

1. Primer mix 2 may give rise to a PCR product of 225 base pairs, in addition to product sizes of 65 and 150 base pairs.

Well **24** contains Negative Control primer pairs, that will produce exon 4 and/or exon 5 amplicons for more than 97% of applicable KIR alleles as well as amplicons generated by positive control primer pairs constituent of all primer mixes in the Olerup SSP® product range.

PCR product sizes: 280bp KIR specific amplicons
430bp Positive control

Length of PCR product	**280**	**280**	**280**	**280**
5'-primer[1]	**110**	**109**	**208**	**208**
	5'-CAg3'	**5'-CCT3'**	**5'-CCA3'**	**5'-CCg3'**
3'-primer	**187**	**187**	**288**	**288**
	5'-ggT3'	**5'-ggT3'**	**5'-gTC3'**	**5'-gTC3'**
	187	**187**	**288**	**288**
	5'-ggT3'	**5'-ggT3'**	**5'-ggT3'**	**5'-ggT3'**
			288	**288**
			5'-gAT3'	**5'-gAT3'**
2DL1*	**+**		**+**	
2DL2*	**+**		**+**	
2DL3*	**+**		**+**	
2DL4*	**N/A**	**N/A**		**+**
2DL5A*	**N/A**	**N/A**	**+**	
2DL5B*	**N/A**	**N/A**	**+**	
2DS1*	**+**		**+**	
2DS2*	**+**		**+**	
2DS3*	**+**		**+**	
2DS4*		**+**	**+**	
2DS5*	**+**		**+**	
3DL1*	**+**		**+**	
3DL2*	**+**		**+**	
3DL3*	**+**		**+**	
3DS1*	**+**		**+**	
2DP1*	**+**		**+**	
3DP1*	**+**		**+**	

[1]The codon position for KIR genes, in the 4th or 5th exon, matching the specificity-determining 3'-end of the primer is given. Codon numbering as on the www.ebi.ac.uk/ipd/kir web site. The sequence of the 3 terminal nucleotides of the primer is given.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

KIR Genotyping SSP typing

CONTENT

The primer set contains 5'- and 3'-primers for KIR Genotyping.

PLATE LAYOUT

Each test consists of 24 PCR reactions in a 24 well cut PCR plate.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	NC

The 24 well cut PCR plate is marked with 'KIR GENOTYP' in silver/gray ink.
Well No. 1 is marked with the Lot No. '98V'.
Wells 1 to 23 – KIR Genotyping primers.
Well 24 – Negative Control.
A faint row of numbers is seen between wells 1 and 2 or wells 7 and 8 of the PCR trays. These stem from the manufacture of the trays, and should be disregarded.
The PCR plates are covered with a PCR-compatible foil.
Please note: When removing each 24 well PCR plate, make sure that the remaining plates stay covered. Use a scalpel or a similar instrument to carefully cut the foil between the plates.

UNIQUELY IDENTIFIED ALLELES

All the KIR alleles available in the IPD KIR Sequence Database in April 2011[1] will be amplified by the primers in the KIR Genotyping SSP kit[2].

[1]KIR alleles listed on the IPD KIR web page 2011-April-15, release 2.4.0, www.ebi.ac.uk/ipd/kir.
[2]The 2DL3*00102 allele is not amplified by this lot of the KIR Genotyping primer set.

PROTOCOL

DNA EXTRACTION

Extracted, highly pure DNA is needed for SSP typings. DNA samples to be used for PCR-SSP HLA typing should be re-suspended in dH_2O. The A260/A280 ratio should be 1.6 – 2.0 by UV spectrophotometry for optimal band visualization during electrophoresis.

We recommend automated DNA extraction with the QIAGEN EZ1 DSP DNA Blood System. ACD blood should be used as starting material.

Alternatively, the DNA can be extracted by any preferred method yielding pure DNA. When using alternative methods, the DNA concentration should be adjusted to 30 ng/µl. ***Do not use heparinised blood with these methods.***

Recommended DNA concentration using:
EZ1-extracted DNA, 15 ng/µl.
DNA extracted by other methods, 30 ng/µl.

Concentrations exceeding 50 ng/µl will increase the risk for nonspecific amplifications and weak extra bands. If necessary, dilute the extracted DNA in dH_2O.

DNA samples should not be re-suspended in solutions containing chelating agents such as EDTA, above 0.5 mM in concentration.

DNA samples may be used immediately after extraction or stored at +4°C for up to 2 weeks with no adverse effects on results. DNA samples can be stored at -20°C or colder for 9 months. The purity and concentration of extracted DNA samples that have been stored for a prolonged period should be tested for acceptability prior to HLA typing.

DNA samples should be shipped at +4°C or colder to preserve their integrity during transport.

PCR AMPLIFICATION

104.101-12 – including Taq *polymerase*

For one KIR Genotyping typing, begin by adding to well No. 24, i.e. the well with the negative control primer pairs:

7 µl dH_2O
3 µl PCR Master Mix complete with *Taq*,

then add at room temperature in a 0.5 ml tube:

27 x 2 µl = 54 µl DNA (30 ng/µl)
27 x 3 µl = 81 µl PCR Master Mix complete with *Taq* – mix well before taking your aliquot
27 x 5 µl = 135 µl dH_2O

Mix well, dispense 10 µl of the DNA-PCR Master Mix-H_2O mixture into each of the 23 wells of an KIR Genotyping typing, i.e. wells 1 to 23. Cover the primer tray(s) with the provided adhesive seals. Check that all reaction wells are completely covered to prevent evaporative loss during PCR amplification.

104.101-12u – without *Taq* polymerase

For one KIR Genotyping typing, begin by adding at room temperature in a 0.5 ml tube:

28 x 3 µl = 84 µl PCR Master Mix without *Taq* – mix well before taking your aliquot
2.2 µl *Taq* polymerase (5 units/µl)

Mix well, dispense 3 µl of the PCR Master Mix-*Taq* mixture from the 0.5 ml tube into well No. 24, i.e. the well with the negative control primer pairs. Then add 7 µl dH_2O to well 24.

Then add at room temperature to the 0.5 ml tube containing 84 + 2.2 - 3 = 83,2 µl PCR Master Mix-*Taq* mixture:

27 x 2 µl = 54 µl DNA (30 ng/µl)
27 x 5 µl – 2,2 µl = 132.8 µl dH_2O

Mix well, dispense 10 µl of the DNA-PCR Master Mix-*Taq*-H_2O mixture into each of the 23 wells of an KIR Genotyping typing, i.e. wells 1 to 23. Cover the primer tray(s) with the provided adhesive seals. Check that all reaction wells are completely covered to prevent evaporative loss during PCR amplification.

Use a 96 well thermal cycler with a heated lid. The temperature gradient across the heating block should be < 1°C.

PCR cycling parameters:

1. 1 cycle	94°C	2 min	denaturation
2. 10 cycles	94°C	10 sec.	denaturation
	65°C	60 sec.	annealing and extension
3. 20 cycles	94°C	10 sec.	denaturation
	61°C	50 sec.	annealing
	72°C	30 sec.	extension
4. End - hold	RT		if less than 8 hours
	4°C		if longer than 8 hours

Total reaction volume in each well, 10 µl.

The same PCR cycling parameters are used for all the *Olerup* SSP kits.

AGAROSE GEL ELECTROPHORESIS

Prepare a 2% (w/v) agarose gel in 0.5 x TBE buffer. Dissolve the agarose by boiling in a microwave oven. Let the gel solution cool to 60°C. Stain the gel prior

to casting with ethidium bromide (10 mg/ml), 5 µl per 100 ml gel solution. For maximal ease of handling use our ethidium bromide dropper bottles (Product No. 103.301-10), 1 drop of ethidium bromide solution per 50-75 ml of gel. **Note: Ethidium bromide is a carcinogen. Handle with appropriate personal protective equipment.**
Load the PCR products, preferably using an 8-channel pipette. Load a DNA size marker (100 base pair ladder, Product No. 103.201-100) in one well per row.
Run the gel in 0.5 x TBE buffer, without re-circulation of the buffer, for 15-20 minutes at 8-10 V/cm.

DOCUMENTATION AND INTERPRETATION

Put the gel on a UV transilluminator and document by photography.
Record the presence and absence of specific PCR products. The relative lengths of the specific PCR products are helpful in the interpretation of the results.
Record the presence and relative lengths of the internal positive control bands. The differently sized control bands will help in the correct orientation of the typing as well as in kit identification.
Lanes without either control band or specific PCR products should be repeated.

Interpret the typings with the ***lot-specific Interpretation and Specificity Tables***.

PCR MASTER MIXES

The PCR Master Mix complete with *Taq* polymerase contains:

Taq polymerase	0.4 unit per 10 µl SSP reaction
nucleotides	final concentration of each dNTP is 200 µM
PCR buffer	final concentrations: 50 mM KCl, 1.5 mM $MgCl_2$, 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 0.001% w/v gelatin
glycerol	final concentration of glycerol is 5%
cresol red	final concentration of cresol red is 100 µg/ml

The same PCR Master Mix complete with *Taq* is used for all *Olerup* SSP kits.

The PCR Master Mix without *Taq* polymerase contains:

nucleotides	final concentration of each dNTP is 200 µM
PCR buffer	final concentrations: 50 mM KCl, 1.5 mM $MgCl_2$, 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 0.001% w/v gelatin
glycerol	final concentration of glycerol is 5%
cresol red	final concentration of cresol red is 100 µg/ml

The same PCR Master Mix without *Taq* is used for all *Olerup* SSP kits.

SPECIFICITY TABLE

KIR Genotyping SSP typing

Specificities and sizes of the PCR products of the 23+1 primer mixes used for KIR SSP Genotyping SSP.

Primer Mix	Size of spec. PCR product[1]	Size of control band[2]	KIR Gene	Amplified KIR[3] alleles
1	145 bp	**800 bp**	2DL1	001-025
2[4,7,9]	65 bp, 225 bp 150 bp	1070 bp	2DL2 2DL2	004 0010101-010
3[4,7,12]	100 bp, 520 bp	1070 bp	2DL3	0010101-0010111, 00103-017
4	200 bp	1070 bp	2DL4	00101-022
5[6]	155 bp	1070 bp	2DL5A, 2DL5B	0010101-00105, 0050101-005010104, 01201-01202, 014-015 0020101-004, 00601-011, 01301-01303, 016
6[5]	1650 bp	**430 bp**	2DL5A	0010101-00105, 0050101-005010104, 01201-01202, 014-015
7[5,8]	1650 bp	**515 bp**	2DL5B	0020101-004, 00601-011, 01301-01303, 016
8[4]	100 bp	1070 bp	2DS1	001-008
9	205 bp	1070 bp	2DS2	0010101-008
10	130 bp	1070 bp	2DS3	00101-005
11	215 bp	1070 bp	2DS4	0010101-00104, 01101-01102, 014, 015
12	200 bp	1070 bp	2DS4	0030101-0030104, 0040101-0040102, 0060101-0060102, 007-010, 012, 013
13[4,7]	110 bp	1070 bp	2DS5	001-011
14	135 bp	1070 bp	3DL1	0010101-002, 00401-00403, 0050101-009, 01501-044, 051-054, 056, 057, 059-068, 072-073
15	200 bp	1070 bp	3DL2	0010101-062
16[4]	115 bp	1070 bp	3DL3	00101-036, 041-055
17	130 bp	1070 bp	3DS1	010-014, 045-049N, 050, 055, 058
18	165 bp	1070 bp	2DP1	00101-010
19[4]	125 bp	1070 bp	3DP1	001-010
20	235 bp	1070 bp	3DP1	0030101-0030402, 005, 006, 008, 010

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Not For Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

21	145 bp	1070 bp	2DS1	001
22[4,10]	95 bp 235 bp	1070 bp	2DS1 3DP1	0020101-008 001-002, 004, 007, 0090101-00902
23	210 bp	1070 bp	3DL1	00401-00403, 019, 021, 036, 037, 039, 056, 072
24[6,11]	-	-	-	**Negative control**

[1]Alleles are assigned by the presence of specific PCR product(s). However, the sizes of the specific PCR products may be helpful in the interpretation of KIR SSP typings.
When the primers in a primer mix can give rise to HLA-specific PCR products of more than one length this is indicated if the size difference is more than 20 base pairs. Size differences of 20 base pairs or less are not given. For high resolution SSP kits, the alleles listed are specified according to amplicon length.
Nonspecific amplifications, i.e. a ladder or a smear of bands, may sometimes be seen. GC-rich primers have a higher tendency of giving rise to nonspecific amplifications than other primers.
PCR fragments longer than the control bands may sometimes be observed. Such bands should be disregarded and do not influence the interpretation of the SSP typings.
PCR fragments migrating faster than the control bands, but slower than a 400 bp fragment may be seen in some gel read-outs. Such bands can be disregarded and do not influence the interpretation of the SSP typings.
Some primers may give rise to primer oligomer artifacts. Sometimes this phenomenon is an inherit feature of the primer pair(s) of a primer mix. More often it is due to other factors such as too low amount of DNA in the PCR reactions, taking too long time in setting up the PCR reactions, working at elevated room temperature or using thermal cyclers that are not pre-heated.

[2]The internal positive control primer pairs amplify segments of the human growth hormone gene. The internal positive control bands are 1070, 800, 430 or 515 base pairs respectively, well distribution as outlined in the table. The well distribution of the internal controls can help in orientation of the kit on gel photo, as well as allow for kit identification. In the presence of a specific amplification the intensity of the control band often decreases.

[3]KIR alleles listed on the IPD KIR web page 2011-April-15, release 2.4.0, www.ebi.ac.uk/ipd/kir.

[4]Specific PCR products shorter than 125 base pairs have a lower intensity and are less sharp than longer PCR products.

[5]The specific PCR product generated by primer mixes 6 and 7 are longer than the internal positive control band and the positive control band may be weaker than for other KIR primer mixes.

[6]Primer mixes 5 and 24 have a tendency to giving rise to primer oligomer formation.

[7]Primer mixes 2, 3 and 13 may have tendencies of unspecific amplifications.

[8]Primer mix 7 may give rise to a lower yield of specific PCR product than the other KIR primer mixes.

[9]The 2DL2*004 and the 2DL2*0010101-010 alleles may be distinguished by the different sizes of the specific PCR product in primer mix 2; three specific PCR fragments of 65, 150 and 225 bp in the 2DL2*004 allele and a specific PCR fragment of 150 bp in the 2DL2*0010101-00304 and 005-010 alleles.

[10]The 2DS1 and the 3DP1 amplicons in primer mix 22 are differentiated by amplicon size; a specific PCR fragment of 95 bp for the 2DS1*0020101-008 alleles and a specific PCR fragment of 235 bp for the 3DP1*001-002, 004, 007 and 0090101-00902 alleles.

[11]Well 24 contains negative control primer pairs, that will produce exon 4 and/or exon 5 amplicons for more than 97% of applicable KIR alleles as well as amplicons generated by positive control primer pairs.

[12]The 2DL3*00102 allele is not amplified by this lot of the KIR Genotyping primer set.

'?', the 2nd intron sequence of the primer matching region is not known.

PRIMER SPECIFICATION

Well No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Length of spec.	145	65	100	200	155	1650	1650	100	205	130	215	200
PCR product		150	520									
		225										
Length of int.	800	1070	1070	1070	1070	430	515	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070
pos. control[1]												
5'-primer(s)[2]	130	208	226	208	226	-16	-16	165	140	236	229	234
	5'-gAA3'	5'-CCA3'	5'-CCA3'	5'-CCg3'	5'-CCA3'	5'-TCA3'	5'-TCg3'	5'-gAg3'	5'-gTA3'	5'-CAC3'	5'-CTA3'	5'-TCT3'
	130	156	332				-16	165				
	5'-TAA3'	5'-AAA3'	5'-TCg3'				5'-Tgg3'	5'-gAA3'				
		262	344									
		5'-ggA3'	5'-CTg3'									
3'-primer(s)[3]	165	243	246	262	276	27	27	185	195	266	288	288
	5'-gCg3'	5'-ACA3'	5'-AgA3'	5'-ggA3'	5'-gAg3'	5'-ACA3'	5'-ACA3'	5'-gAC3'	5'-ATg3'	5'-CCT3'	5'-ggA3'	5'-ggA3'
		195	350									
		5'-ATg3'	5'-CAA3'									
		269	351									
		5'-TAC3'	5'-ACC3'									
Well No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Well No.	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Length of spec.	110	135	200	115	130	165	125	235	145	95	210
PCR product										235	
Length of int.	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070	1070
pos. control[1]											
5'-primer(s)[2]	142	136	110	156	133	29	25	2nd I	130	130	31
	5'-ACC3'	5'-CAA3'	5'-ggg3'	5'-CCC3'	5'-TCT3'	5'-CAT3'	5'-Tgg3'	5'-gCC3'	5'-gAA3'	5'-gAA3'	5'-TCA3'
		208								2nd I	31
		5'-CCA3'								5'-TCC3'	5'-TCA3'
3'-primer(s)[3]	165	166	164	181	163	71	54	54	165	54	86
	5'-gTg3'	5'-CAA3'	5'-CAA3'	5'-gTA3'	5'-ggA3'	5'-TAC3'	5'-TAC3'	5'-TAC3'	5'-gCC3'	5'-TAC3'	5'-CCA3'
		238								165	
		5'-CCg3'								5'-gCT3'	
Well No.	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23

[1]The internal positive control primer pairs amplify segments of the human growth hormone gene. The internal positive control bands are 1070, 800, 430 or 515 base pairs respectively, well distribution as outlined in the table. The well distribution of the internal controls can help in orientation of the kit on gel photo, as well as allow for kit identification. In the presence of a specific amplification the intensity of the control band often decreases.

[2]The nucleotide position matching the specificity-determining 3'-end of the primer is given. Nucleotide numbering as on the www.ebi.ac.uk/ipd/kir web site. The sequence of the 3 terminal nucleotides of the primer is given.

[3]The nucleotide position matching the specificity-determining 3'-end of the primer is given in the anti-sense direction. Nucleotide numbering as on the www.ebi.ac.uk/ipd/kir web site. The sequence of the 3 terminal nucleotides of the primer is given.

CELL LINE VALIDATION SHEET

KIR Genotyping primer set[2]

			Well															
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			201324201	201437602	201324203	201324204	201324205	201324206	201437607	201324208	201324209	201324210	201324211	201324212	201324213	201324214	201324215	201324216
	IHWC cell line[1]																	
1	9001	SA	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+
2	9280	LK707	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
3	9011	E4181324	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
4	9275	GU373	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
5	9009	KAS011	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
6	9353	SM	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+
7	9020	QBL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
8	9025	DEU	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
9	9026	YAR	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
10	9107	LKT3	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+
11	9051	PITOUT	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
12	9052	DBB	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
13	9025	JESTHOM	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
14	9071	OLGA	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
15	9075	DKB	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+
16	9037	SWEIG007	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
17	9282	CTM3953540	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
18	9257	32367	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
19	9038	BM16	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
20	9059	SLE005	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
21	9064	AMALA	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+
22	9056	KOSE	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
23	9124	IHL	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
24	9035	JBUSH	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
25	9049	IBW9	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
26	9285	WT49	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
27	9191	CH1007	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
28	9320	BEL5GB	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
29	9050	MOU	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
30	9021	RSH	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
31	9019	DUCAF	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
32	9297	HAG	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
33	9098	MT14B	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+
34	9104	DHIF	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
35	9302	SSTO	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
36	9024	KT17	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
37	9065	HHKB	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
38	9099	LZL	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+
39	9315	CML	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
40	9134	WHONP199	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+
41	9055	H0301	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+
42	9066	TAB089	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
43	9076	T7526	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+
44	9057	TEM	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+
45	9239	SHJO	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+
46	9013	SCHU	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
47	9045	TUBO	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+
48	9303	TER-ND	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+

CELL LINE VAL. SHEET

KIR Genotyping primer set[2]

			Well						
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
			201324217	201324218	201324219	201324220	201324221	201437622	201324223
	IHWC cell line[1]								
1	9001	SA	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
2	9280	LK707	-	-	+	-	-	+	-
3	9011	E4181324	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
4	9275	GU373	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
5	9009	KAS011	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
6	9353	SM	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
7	9020	QBL	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
8	9025	DEU	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
9	9026	YAR	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
10	9107	LKT3	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
11	9051	PITOUT	-	+	+	+	-	+	+
12	9052	DBB	-	+	+	+	-	-	+
13	9025	JESTHOM	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
14	9071	OLGA	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
15	9075	DKB	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
16	9037	SWEIG007	-	+	+	+	-	-	+
17	9282	CTM3953540	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
18	9257	32367	-	+	+	+	-	-	+
19	9038	BM16	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
20	9059	SLE005	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
21	9064	AMALA	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
22	9056	KOSE	-	+	+	+	-	+	+
23	9124	IHL	-	+	+	+	-	+	+
24	9035	JBUSH	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
25	9049	IBW9	-	+	+	+	-	-	+
26	9285	WT49	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
27	9191	CH1007	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
28	9320	BEL5GB	-	+	+	+	-	+	+
29	9050	MOU	-	+	+	+	-	-	+
30	9021	RSH	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
31	9019	DUCAF	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
32	9297	HAG	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
33	9098	MT14B	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
34	9104	DHIF	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
35	9302	SSTO	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
36	9024	KT17	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
37	9065	HHKB	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
38	9099	LZL	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
39	9315	CML	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
40	9134	WHONP199	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
41	9055	H0301	-	+	+	+	-	+	-
42	9066	TAB089	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
43	9076	T7526	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
44	9057	TEM	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
45	9239	SHJO	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
46	9013	SCHU	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
47	9045	TUBO	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
48	9303	TER-ND	-	+	+	+	-	-	-

CE

In U.S.: For Research Use Only.
Not For Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

[1]The provided cell line HLA specificities are retrieved from the http://www.ihwg.org/hla web site. The specificity of an individual cell line may thus be subject to change.

[2]The specificity of each primer solution in the kit has been tested against 48 well characterized cell line DNAs and where applicable, additional cell line DNAs.

Additional primers in primer solutions 3 and 21 were tested by separately adding another 5'-primer respective another 3'-primer. In primer solutions 1, 3 and 7, one of the 5'-primers was not possible to test, and in primer solution 2 one 5'-primer and one 3'-primer was not possible to test.

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